

Substitute Bill No. 5711

February Session, 2006

____HB05711PD___031706____

AN ACT ENABLING MUNICIPALITIES TO ESTABLISH A STORMWATER AUTHORITY.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2006) (a) Any municipality 2 may, by ordinance adopted by its legislative body, designate any 3 existing board or commission or establish a new board or commission 4 as the stormwater authority for such municipality. If a new board or 5 commission is created, the municipality shall, by ordinance, determine 6 the number of members thereof, their compensation, if any, whether 7 such members shall be elected or appointed, the method of their 8 appointment, if appointed, and removal and their terms of office, 9 which shall be so arranged that not more than one-half of such terms 10 shall expire within any one year.

(b) The purposes of the authority shall be to (1) develop a stormwater management program, including, but not limited to, a program for construction and postconstruction site runoff control, pollution prevention and the detection and elimination discharges, and (2) provide public education and outreach in the municipality relating to stormwater management activities and to establish procedures for public participation. In accomplishing the purposes of this section the authority may plan, layout, acquire, construct, reconstruct, repair, maintain, supervise and manage stormwater control systems.

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

- 20 (c) The authority may adopt regulations to implement the 21 stormwater management program.
- 22 (d) The authority may enter into contracts with any municipal or regional entity to accomplish the purposes of this section.
 - Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2006*) (a) The stormwater authority of a municipality may (1) levy and collect assessments upon the lands and buildings within its jurisdiction, and (2) establish, revise and collect rates, fees, charges, penalties and assessments to provide for municipal stormwater management controls and stormwater management education and research.
 - (b) Whenever any assessment is made as provided in this section, such assessment may be (1) uniform for all users of the municipality, (2) based on use, or (3) apportioned among properties benefited according to regulations adopted by the authority, based on (A) area, street frontage, assessed valuation of the land in the last-completed grand list of the municipality, the present or permitted use of any real property in the area; or (B) methods deemed appropriate by the authority, including, but not limited to, a property's impervious cover determined by aerial photography, site inspections, existing water databases, tax assessor data, zoning classifications, soil type, topography, tree canopy, property use and average trips generated by the property. The authority may make reasonable reductions on a specific assessment upon determination, based on regulations adopted by the authority, that the condition or situation of a property requires such reduction. The provisions of sections 7-139 to 7-145, inclusive, of the general statutes shall be applicable to assessments under this section.
 - (c) If any assessment is determined to be not valid or not enforceable, a new assessment may be made in the manner provided in subsection (a) of this section for the determination of the original assessment. If any assessment is made which is not sufficient to cover the entire cost of the work to be paid for by such assessment, a

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

- supplementary assessment may be made by the authority against those properties previously assessed, in an amount sufficient to pay the cost of such work, provided the total of such supplementary assessment and the original assessment shall not exceed the value of the special benefit accruing to the property against which the benefit is assessed.
 - (d) Any assessment of benefits, including any installment thereof, and any charge, fee, fine or other amount that is unpaid for a period of thirty days after the due date shall be delinquent, shall be subject to interest and shall constitute a lien upon the premises served and a charge upon the owner thereof all in the manner provided both by the provisions of the general statutes for delinquent property taxes.
 - Sec. 3. (NEW) (Effective October 1, 2006) The authority may elect to defray the cost thereof by issuing bonds or other evidences of debt, or from general taxation, special assessment or any combination thereof. If it elects to defray any part of such cost from special assessment, it may apportion and assess such part upon the lands and buildings in the municipality which, in its judgment, are especially benefited thereby, whether they abut on such stormwater systems or not, and upon the owners of such lands and buildings, subject to the right of appeal as provided in section 7-142 of the general statutes. Such assessment may include a proportionate share of any expenses incidental to the completion of such stormwater system, such as fees and expenses of attorneys, engineers, surveyors, superintendents or inspectors, the cost of any property purchased or acquired for such work, interest on securities, the cost of preparing maps, plans and specifications, and the cost of printing, publishing or serving advertisements or notices incidental thereto. The authority may divide the total territory to be benefited by any stormwater control system into sections and may levy assessments against the property benefited in each section separately. In assessing benefits against the property in any section, the board may add to the cost of the part of the stormwater control system located in such section a proportionate share of the cost of any part of such system located outside the section

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68

69

70

71

72

73

74

75

76

77

78

79

80

81

82

83

84

which is useful for the operation or effectiveness of that part of such system within the section and of any of the other items of cost or expense enumerated in this section.

Sec. 4. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2006*) When any stormwater improvement or protection project or system is located within two or more municipalities, such municipalities, acting by their stormwater authority, may jointly undertake any such action as is authorized by sections 1 to 3, inclusive, of this act.

Sec. 5. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2006*) (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 22a-475 to 22a-483, inclusive, of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes, the Commissioner of Environmental Protection may provide grants and loans, from any account in the Clean Water Fund, to municipalities or stormwater authorities, established pursuant to sections 1 to 4, inclusive, of this act, for the costs incurred for stormwater management programs.

(b) The Commissioner of Environmental Protection shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54 of the general statutes to implement this section.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2006	New section
Sec. 2	October 1, 2006	New section
Sec. 3	October 1, 2006	New section
Sec. 4	October 1, 2006	New section
Sec. 5	October 1, 2006	New section

PD Joint Favorable Subst.